These suggestions about the homologies are of necessity only provisional, and are quite likely to be modified when a microscopical study of embryonic specimens of the group indicates with certainty which teeth have rudimentary milk-predecessors, no functional milk-teeth having as yet been observed.

## XIII.—A new Gibbon from Annam. By Oldfield Thomas.

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Among the collections which have been obtained in recent years in Annam by Dr. and Mrs. Vassal there occurs a Gibbon which appears to be quite distinct from any previously described. I propose to name it in honour of Mrs. Vassal, to whose help much of her husband's success in obtaining interesting animals has been due.

## Hylobates gabriellæ, sp. n.

A black species without light frontal band, but with a

conspicuous buffy gular patch.

General colour as in *H. leucogenys*, Ogilb.\*, the ground-colour similarly deep black, but instead of the light throat and whisker-mark being white and extending up on each side to the level of the eyes, it is deep yellowish buffy and barely rises on each side above the angle of the mouth. Its hairs are soft and woolly, instead of being so stiff as to form a definite outstanding fringe; it is broader below, and, passing under the throat, entirely isolates the black chin from the black of the cheeks and chest.

Skull larger than that of *H. agilis*, *H. lar*, and other Gibbons in the Museum Collection, which, however, does not contain the skull of *H. leucogenys*. In fact the skull of *H. gabriellæ* is almost as large as that of a Siamang. In shape it is most like that of *H. leuciscus*, but the temporal constriction is deeper and the orbits more outstanding.

Skull-dimensions (those of the skin being of no value):— Greatest length 116 mm.; basal length 83; zygomatic breadth 76; breadth across outside orbits 66.5; breadth of

<sup>\*</sup> Figured by Sclater, P. Z. S. 1877, p. 680, pl. lxx.

brain-case 65; greatest mastoid breadth 73; palate length 45; length of upper premolar-molar series 27:2.

Hab. Lang-Bian, near Nha-trang, Amam. Alt. 1500'. Type. Adult male, B.M. no. 8, 11, 1, 1. Collected

10th June, 1908, by Dr. Vassal.

This striking Gibbon seems to be only related to the II. leucogenys of Siam, and from that may be distinguished by the yellow threat and cheek-patch and other characters above mentioned.

XIV.—Notes on the Forficularia.—XVII. On new Species, a new Genus, and new Synonymy. By MALCOLM BURR, D.Sc., F.E.S.

THE material for the following notes is taken from various sources. Two new species, one requiring a new genus, were taken in Central Africa by the expedition of Adolph Friedrich, Archduke zu Mecklenburg; these form part of the material obtained on this expedition, communicated to me for determination by Dr. II. Schubotz. The full account of the collection will be eventually published in the 'Ergebnisse' of the Expedition.

## Psalis cincticollis, Gerst.

Brachylabis cincticollis, Gerst. (1883) p. 44.

Anisolabis cincticollis, Borm. (1900) p. 43; Kirby, (1904) p. 19.

Psalis cincticollis, Burr. (1902) pp. 255 & 257.

Psalis picina, Kirby, (1891) p. 516.

Psalis picina, Borm. (1900) p. 38; Kirby, (1904) p. 14 (nec Borelli).

Furficula rufesceus, Pal.-Beauv. (1805) p. 35, Orth. pl. i. tig. 2.

Forficesila rufescens, Serv. (1839) p. 24.

Pronotum postico vix ampliatum, fere parallelum; antennæ fortiores; segmentis hand clavatis, subcylindricis, 3 sub-brovi, 4 et 5 quam 3 brevioribus, colore fusco-castaneo; elytra et alæ longa, fusco-fulva; pedes fulvi; forceps 3 asymetricus.

Adult. Nymph.

d. Q. d. Q.

Long. corporis. . 12-13:5 mm. 10-11 mm. 15 mm. 18:5-19 mm.

" forcipis . 2 " 2 " 2 " 2:75-3 "

Of medium size.

General colour deep blackish chestnut.

Antennie with 20 segments, dark brown; segments 1 and 2 orange, and one or two apical segments white; basal